

THREE PIGEONS
LASSCO Three Pigeons
Milton Common,
Oxfordshire OX9 2JN
+44 (0)1844 277188
3pigeons@lassco.co.uk

BRUNSWICK HOUSE
30 Wandsworth Road,
London SW8 2LG
+44 (0) 20 7394 2100
brunswick@lassco.co.uk



THE HEW DRAPER BRONZE GRAFFITO TABLET

Cast from the Elizabethan carving at The Tower of London

The rectangular tablet incised with a zodiac wheel, signs of the zodiac, numbers and dates for the casting of horoscopes, bearing the inscription "HEW DRAPER OF BRISTOW (Bristol) MADE

THIS SPEER THE 30 DAYE OF MAYE, 1561" and a founder's stamp "No.1.S"

DIMENSIONS: 51.5cm ( $20^{\frac{1}{4}}$ ") High, 59cm ( $23^{\frac{1}{4}}$ ") Wide, 2cm ( $0^{\frac{3}{4}}$ ") Thick

STOCK CODE: 42498

**HISTORY** 

Hew (Hugh) Draper's carving, low down in the wall near a window of his cell in the Salt Tower at The Tower of London, is one of the best known of the 300 surviving examples of prisoners' graffiti at The Tower of London. Of them, 74 are known to be from those incarcerated in the 16th Century. Draper's is remarkable not just for being one of the most developed of Elizabethan scratchings but also for it being one of the more defiant. Two carvings are

attributed to him; there is possibly a third.

Draper was an Innkeeper (or "Vintner", or perhaps merchant too), from Bristol and was thrown into The Tower in 1560 under charges of "Sorcery" - which he denied. He was locked up for at least two years and it isn't known what became of him. No records show that he was executed but a record does show that he was "verie sicke" at one point. This is given for a possible reason for the carving being low to the floor - a sculptor who was of necessity prone or seated (but perhaps a need to catch the sun or hide the progressing work behind furniture could be more likely).

It transpires that Draper had laid a curse on Sir William St. Loe and his wife Lady Elizabeth St. Loe. The latter is better known as "Bess of Hardwick" - one of the most powerful political figures of Elizabethan England. Sir William and Lady St. Loe held estates at Tormarton near

Bristol which is a likely source of a dispute. He had renounced his dabblings in the Dark Arts and had burned his books but this chart for the casting of horoscopes certainly indicates a deep knowledge and interest in heterodox beliefs. "For a man held prisoner for witchcraft, the carving of "magical" astrological signs was gutsy and dangerous and demonstrated both Draper's sincere beliefs and his defiance of the authority attempting to repress them. Jesuit carvings in the same tower demonstrate similar risky religious expression"(1). That said, horoscopes may have been viewed as an entirely legitimate past time and not bracketed with witchcraft; Queen Elizabeth I was well known for consulting her horoscope.

In a piece for The Guardian in 2011, Jonathan Jones concludes:

"Here is a rare survival of popular art. Draper was not a priest, a university scholar, or a gentleman. He was an innkeeper. In these mysterious marks, we gain access to the mind of a freethinking everyman from Tudor Britain – an outsider using his reading to achieve power over the world."

What happened to Draper? No one knows. His death is not recorded in the Tower annals; nor is his escape, or his later life. Perhaps the occult experiment he was performing in the Salt Tower was a success and he vanished from captivity in a puff of smoke."

In researching this tablet, LASSCO has uncovered what may well be the last will and testament of Hugh Draper dating to 1568. When deciphered we will see if we can throw any light on his history.

As for the present casting, research will hopefully reveal when it was made. The punched stamp and the bronze medium certainly indicates that this tablet is either unique or of a limited edition. It can only have been commissioned by The Tower of London. It is known to have languished in a store at The Tower before being given to an employee who worked there for many years. LASSCO has acquired the tablet from his family.

- (1) J. McQuillan "The Subversive Pen: Prison Writing in The Tower of London", KCL Blog
- (2) Jonathan Jones, "Hew Draper Tower of London Graffiti"

(3) The Gentle Author "